1 2 3 4 5	Town of Kingston Zoning Board of Adjustment Public Hearing June 1, 2023
6 7 8	PRESENT: Peter Coffin, Chair; Meghan Kelley, Vice Chair; Kyle Bache (alternate); Peter Broderick; Richard Russman; Michael Rohulich (alternate); Benedetto Romano (alternate); Members
9	ABSENT: Shaw Tilton, member
10 11	Also Present: Robin Carter, Land Use Administrator
12 13	Mr. Coffin said that this is a special meeting of the ZBA and called the meeting to order at 7:01 PM.
14 15	Mr. Coffin stated that Mr. Rohulich would be a voting member tonight.
16 17	A quorum was present at the meeting.
18 19	BOARD BUSINESS
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Approval of Meeting Minutes (May 11, 2023): Ms. Kelley had the following revision, page 7, correct the first bullet under Lorraine Mascioli to read glyphosates, "the same active ingredient as Roundup." MOTION: by Ms. Kelley to accept the minutes of the May 11, 2023 as amended. SECOND: by Mr. Russman All In favor (5-0-0)
27 28 29	PUBLIC HEARING <board 7:06="" at="" hearing="" note:="" opened="" pm=""></board>
30 31 32 33	Summit Distributing, LLC Kingston Crossing, Inc. 249 N.H. Route 125 Map R40 Lot 15
34 35 36 37	Mr. Coffin commented that at the May 5, 2023 meeting the Board made the determination for development of regional impact (DRI) for this application and that this is the reason the hearing was delayed until to tonight.
38 39 40 41 42 43	Mr. Coffin read the legal notice: The applicant is requesting a Special Exception (Article 109:7) to allow a retail motor fuel outlet with a 5,100 sf convenience store/quick service restaurant and 5 retail fuel dispenser islands (10 fueling locations) and 3 high speed commercial diesel islands (2 fueling locations) within the Commercial II District.
44 45 46 47 48	Mr. Coffin gave the background and explained that the Commercial II District does not list filling stations as a permitted use or a prohibited use. It does say that if it is consistent with the area and meets certain criteria that will be voted on that a special exception can be granted. There are five (5) special exception criteria found in the Town ordinance Article 109.7. Four (4) will be discussed tonight, the 5 th one pertains to notification of the hearing and that has already been done.

Mr. Coffin read the Special Exception Section Article 109.7 of the Commercial Zone C-11 Ordinance. He referenced the standards outlined in Article 109.7., A. & B.

Applicant: Tom Frawley, President and Owner of Summit Distributing, LLC introduced himself and his team: Brian Bouchard, Attorney with Sheehan Phinney Bass & Green, PA, Portsmouth, NH office; Heather Monticup, P.E., Vice President/Director of Land Development of Greenman-Pedersen, Inc. (GPI) is the traffic engineer; Frank Monteiro, P.E., Senior Vice President/Senior Director of Land Development of GPI is the lead engineer for the project.

Mr. Frawley said that they are a New Hampshire based firm and have gas stations and convenience store locations throughout New England.

Attorney Bouchard introduced himself and stated that he represents the applicant. He reminded the Board that this project has a lengthy procedural history. In October, 2021 the Board granted a special exception for this project under the Town's Aquifer Protection ordinance. The decision was appealed to the NH Superior Court and in January, 2023 the court upheld and affirmed the decision of the Zoning Board of Adjustment for the special exception in the aquifer protection zone allowing this property to be developed. Mr. Bouchard mentioned that prior to going to the Planning Board, Mr. Coffin noticed that the C-II zone ordinance didn't include a gas station as being expressly permitted nor prohibited. Thereafter, the Town attorney established that this application would require a special exception for the C-II zone. Mr. Bouchard commented that the Board has already determined in the past that this project will have no adverse impact on the aquifer and made that decision in October, 2021.

1. Mr. Coffin clarified a couple of misconceptions. The decision of the ZBA to grant the special exception was not appealed, it was the decision for a rehearing that was appealed. Mr. Bouchard replied saying an abutter requested a rehearing and the Board granted the rehearing, it was the decision for the rehearing that was appealed. Once the case came to the Superior Court the parties then took up the appeal of the underlying decision as well. The Superior Court affirmed that the decision that was made by the Board was proper and that a rehearing was not necessary based on procedural grounds. Mr. Bouchard said that Mr. Coffin's clarification was correct, it was an appeal of rehearing; however, once it was at the Superior Court it also became an appeal of substantive underlying decision of the Board. Mr. Coffin addressed the comment, this project will have no adverse impact on the aguifer. Mr. Coffin explained that the ZBA granted the special exception with conditions that any requirements to protect the aguifer protection zone, that the applicant would comply by any conditions that may be set by the Planning Board for the safety of the aquifer. Mr. Coffin further explained that the special exception was granted by the Board, but any conditions to meet the safety requirements of the aquifer would be put on the plans for the Planning Board. Mr. Bouchard referred #1 required for the special exception criteria for the aquifer protection zone. 1. "The proposed use will not detrimentally affect the quality of the groundwater contained in the aguifer by directly contributing to pollution or by increasing the long-term susceptibility of the aguifer to potential pollutants." He noted that the Board did make the finding that this application met the criteria. This information is found in the October 14, 2021 ZBA meeting minutes. Mr. Broderick asked Mr. Bouchard if what is being said is that the previous ZBA found that it didn't affect the aquifer? Mr. Bouchard explained that the previous ZBA made the decision for the criteria (#1.) above was satisfied, subject to the condition that the Planning Board can add restrictions to protect the quality of the groundwater.

Mr. Monteiro said they meet this standard.

Mr. Monteiro provided three (3) handouts to the Board. A copy of an Aerial Overlay Plan of the property dated 02/14/2022, a Site Plan dated 03/15/2023 and a design sketch of the building dated 03/15/2023. Mr. Monteiro described the exhibits:

Overlay Plan -

- He explained that there will be a lot line adjustment that will be handled through the Planning Board process to square off the lots.
- There are two (2) parcels involved with the development, R40-Lot 16 is the larger parcel in the rear and R40-Lot 15 to the front right. Lot 15 is approximately 13.8-acre parcel, and the proposed new lot size will be 10.2 acres. Lot 16 is about a 25-acre parcel and the proposed new lot size will be 28.6 acres.

Site Plan -

- This plan was submitted to the Planning Board.
- Mr. Monteiro described what would be located on the property. A convenience store with drive-through quick service restaurant, a retail fuel canopy in the front, and a diesel canopy on the side of the store for the trucks.
- Mr. Monteiro stated that the special exception to the C-II zone only applies to the gas station portion. Convenience stores and a drive through quick service restaurant within the store are permitted by right.
- There are three (3) underground tanks.
- They are proposing a 4th lane to a signalized intersection to access the site. These details will be handled through the Planning Board and DOT approval processes.

Mr. Monteiro went through the special exception criteria and responses outlined in the letter dated April 19, 2023 from Nicole Duquette, P.E., LEED, AP, Project Manager at GPI. (Copy available in the ZBA/Land Use office).

Mr. Monteiro provided a summary of information in support of the special exception:

- 1. No detriment to property values in the vicinity or change in the essential characteristics of any area including residential neighborhoods or business and industrial districts on account of the location or scale of buildings and other structures, parking area, access ways, odor, smoke, gas, dust or other pollutant, noise, glare, heat, vibration or unsightly outdoor storage of equipment, vehicles or other materials.
 - Lot R40-15 Neighbors included Allied Clearwater, Mark's Auto Center to the East, Kingston Crossing (R40-16) to the north and west, moving storage company and DOT owned land between Rte. 125 and Rte. 107 to the south.
 - Closest residential use is R34-41 along Bluebird Lane and from the property line to the house is approximately 1,300+/- feet away. "Due to its distance from any residential lots, it is our professional opinion that there will be no detriment to the property values or change in essential characteristics of any residential neighbors."
 - Down the street is Carriage Towne Plaza which has a drive-thru component.
 - Mr. Monteiro referred to the architectural exhibit provided. The design is a barn type structure. The canopy compliments the building and has a peek roof and some dormers on the front.

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This fits in with the character of the neighborhood.

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- 2. No creation of traffic safety hazard or substantial increase in the level of traffic congestion in the vicinity.
 - Mr. Monteiro mentioned that there will be other people reviewing this on the state levelthe DOT, Planning Board, 3rd pier reviewer.
 - "The proposed retail motor fuel outlet will not create a traffic safety hazard or substantial increase in level of traffic congestion in the vicinity of the project site. Driveway permitting authority on this section of Route 125 is under the jurisdiction of the New Hampshire Department of Transportation (NHDOT). Based on a thorough traffic engineering analysis, as required by NHDOT, the applicant has demonstrated that the proposed project can be safely and appropriately accommodated, based on the projected site generated traffic volumes. In order to ensure safe and efficient access and egress to and from the site, the Applicant is committed to substantive off-site mitigation measures. including traffic signal control, and the construction of auxiliary turn lanes on Route 125. NHDOT has preliminarily consented to these off-site mitigation measures as commensurate with the project's impact on the adjacent roadway system, and the Applicant is anticipating issuance of a NHDOT Driveway Permit upon review of final design plans."

Mr. Monteiro turned the presentation over to Ms. Monticup, Traffic Engineer (GPI). She gave an update on the traffic component of the proposed project.

- A full traffic and access study was prepared and has been submitted to the Town and the
- They have received comments back from the Bureau of Traffic, NHDOT from district 6 as well as highway design.
- The full traffic study was prepared in accordance with a scoping meeting that was with DOT. It includes existing conditions, no build conditions and future conditions.
- The access is across from Rte. 107. There is a distribution center down the street that was approved locally to the north. The DOT asked them to look at the impact and any associated mitigation of the project with or without the distribution center traffic. Looked at the intersection with a traffic signal and without one. As part of the distribution center project down the street it does require mitigation of a signalized intersection. Whether the Summit Distributing, Inc. project goes through or not, it is expected that there would be a traffic signal in place for the distribution center should that project move forward.
- For the development of the project, the applicant will be responsible for having the roadway expanded to have a south bound left turn lane and a north bound right turn lane into the site.
- The NHDOT has asked for minor comments on their plan, for example, they would like to see a 12-foot right turn lane vs a 10 foot one.
- They have no inclination from NHDOT that they can't move forward with more formal design documents.
- With the project in place and with the mitigation that will be in place they do not expect any adverse impacts due to traffic.
- Mr. Monteiro returned to the floor to continue his presentation.
- 3. No excess demand on municipal services including, but not limited to: water, sewer, waste

Mr. Monteiro said they meet this standard.

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243 244 disposal, police, fire protection, and schools.

- Mr. Monteiro commented that no excess demand will be placed on municipal services.
 - There will be a private septic system located behind the site and will be approved by the NHDES as part of the approval process.
 - The applicant will contract with a private waste disposal company.
 - o They have a fire suppression system proposed for both of the fuel canopies. It's a fully automated dry chemical extinguishing system.
 - o There would be no increase to the school system for a commercial entity.

Mr. Monteiro said they meet this standard.

- 4. No hazard to the public or adjacent property on account of potential fire, explosion or release of toxic materials.
 - They have a state-of-the-art fuel system proposed.
 - Double-walled underground petroleum storage tanks, with double-walled piping with fuel lines that run between the tanks, and several types of leak detection equipment. He mentioned they are outlined in the handout "Proposed Fuel System Components & Safety Features", dated August 30, 2021.
 - Drainage: They are designing safety and treatment systems as part of the stormwater system.
 - The design shows redundant features. The system is fully designed and has been submitted to the Planning Board.
 - Any stormwater that runs off will go through several oil/water separator components and discharge into a line aboveground in a bioretention pond in the back. There are two (2) of them.
 - The drainage system has been approved by the NH DES.
 - In the retention ponds there are oil/water separators, underground there are two (2) chambered systems, deep sump catch basins, other oil removal devices, first offense systems that click inside each catch basin that trap potential oil.
 - If any product flows beyond the catch basin they all come together through a water separator structure.
 - There are two (2) oil/water separators are concrete tanks, a 3,500 and a 1,500-gallon tank. These are sized based on DES criteria for containment. This is an additional capture point for a potential minor spillage that may occur in the fuel lines. If the containment didn't meet this warrant, that would flow into the lined bioretention ponds. If any contamination were to go past the redundant features, they would end up in this basin and it can be isolated and cleaned if necessary. The system is designed with a series of redundancies.
 - With the aguifer zone and some of the standards that the Town has they need to provide tracers. They separate out the nonpetroleum fueling areas with the way the site is graded. For example, the roof runoff from the buildings and canopy is piped through differently. A lot goes into the design of the stormwater runoff.

Mr. Monteiro brought up as mentioned earlier by Mr. Bouchard, the ZBA did grant the special exception in October 2021, under Article 201, that the proposed fueling components will not have any adverse effect on the aquifer or the quality of the groundwater.

Mr. Monteiro said they meet this standard.

 5. Notification of the hearing will be provided to the Planning Board, Conservation Commission and Board of Selectmen. Mr. Monteiro noted that this has already been done.

Board comment(s):

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Mr. Coffin asked once the oil/water is separated where does the oil & gas compounds go. Mr. Monteiro explained that they are stored in concrete chambers underground and any accumulated oil over time would float to the surface and during annual maintenance would get vacuumed out. Mr. Coffin brought up that there was a question at a hearing from a couple years ago whether the oil or gas materials were removed from the basins on the site, the Board was told no in a prior meeting that no oil or gas is brought offsite. He commented that the periodic maintenance of contaminants must have to be removed from the site. Mr. Monteiro explained that there is a typical schedule for ongoing maintenance assuming no spills. When it rains if there are minor drippage/spills, and they end up in the drainage system they want to capture them and remove them physically by vacuuming the structures. There would be an annual maintenance contract with a stormwater compliance company. The NH DES requires as plan as part of the submission process. In the winter catch basin sumps are designed to capture sediment and pumped out occasionally.

Attorney Bouchard read a sentence from the October 14, 2021 minutes in response to Mr. Coffin's question regarding where the oil & gas compounds go. "She described the retention area materials. Asked what happens to oil in the catch basins, Ms. Duquette said that if it's just a film, it remains in the catch basins until they are maintained and vacuumed out." Mr. Monteiro asked if this helped clarify his question. Mr. Coffin replied yes. He wanted to make sure that there was a system, and the oil/gas wasn't just put into retention ponds and allowed to evaporate, there has to be a way of removing it from the site. Mr. Monteiro said that there are extra design features incorporated into this site because of the aquifer situation and sensitivity of the location. Some of the redundancies are not required by the state, but they go above and beyond.

Mr. Russman asked if it was class B fire retardant. Mr. Monteiro explained that it is a dry chemical extinguisher that puts out a gasoline fire. They are proposing having this system at both the gas and diesel canopies. In the state of NH, it is not required to put in a fire suppression system in at a gas station. This applicant is proposing to put them in for safety and caution.

Mr. Coffin mentioned the items brought up that may not be done now, i.e., the maintenance procedures, emergency response systems will need to be developed. Mr. Monteiro said that some of this information has been provided to the Planning Board.

Mr. Broderick mentioned that they have other gas stations, and asked if there were any problems with leaks. Mr. Frawley explained that he is a petroleum distributor and supplies over 140 stations across New England. He is the Chairman on the Oil Fund Disbursement Board for the State of NH. He has been on the board for 27 years that manages underground storage tank leaks and these systems. With the systems today compared to gas stations that were built 20 years ago they see a diminishing amount of spills and leaks and issues because of the systems that Mr. Monteiro described. Problems they might see today are service spills and things from older gas stations. They see a diminished number of new gas station issues related to leaking underground storage tanks.

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Mr. Broderick referred to the GPI information on Proposed Fuel System Components & Safety Features, dated August 30, 2021 and it says that the attendants need to be trained. There are 6 items on fuel dispersion, 7 on fuel storage systems and emergency preparedness and training. He commented that because there was so much prevention and training are there any concerns. Mr. Frawley said they do a lot of preventative maintenance and go above and beyond to protect the environment.

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Mr. Coffin brought up the DES 20-22 Preventing of Groundwater Contamination for gas stations bulletin and read a section from it. "Given the likelihood that UST systems will release gasoline constituents commonly in the form of vapor leaks from underground piping systems or overfills of the UST, vehicle tank or portable container and the possibility to spill fuel be carried off the fueling area by stormwater." Mr. Coffin summarized this saying that the DES is saying that there is a likelihood. Mr. Frawley commented there is a likelihood when you don't include systems that are included in the additional systems that are in this proposal.

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Mr. Monteiro explained that everything is monitored electronically in the store. Every gallon of gas that is delivered in the underground tank is reconciled with every gallon of gas that leaves the facility. There are electronic sensors that will set off an alarm inside the store. Mr. Frawley said that the alarm systems and electronic monitors can also be managed remotely, and they do not just depend on the station operators. Ms. Kelley asked if a leak is found, how long and who responds to these situations. Mr. Frawley explained that what typically happens is if the line finds a leak, it shuts the line down. If a leak happens, the lines are double lined, and it could leak into the outer line but still shuts it down. Then they have the ability to respond guickly with a contractor. Fuel deliveries are shut down when 90% full and they are also measured with a stick. Mr. Monteiro said that there is a monitor gage physically in the tank and they know exactly what the volume is in the tank and how much it can take for additional fuel. Mr. Frawley explained that the delivery trucks are 4 or 5 compartments and before another compartment is open the driver verifies if another compartment can fit in the tank.

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Department comment(s):

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Evy Nathan, Chair of the Conservation Commission provided comments on behalf of the Conservation Commission. "In spite of our aguifer protection ordinance (201) which specifically states that "subsurface storage of petroleum and other refined petroleum products is a prohibited use of the land", this project received a variance from the ZBA. This makes it incumbent upon every town board to take responsibility for the protection of public health and general welfare of the citizens and the environment by careful monitoring of each step, and every aspect of the project. Since there will be potentially significant environmental effects, a monitoring and reporting program for construction, and for any changes made to the plans, should be a prerequisite for the special

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exception. In addition, this project certainly has regional impact.

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Once the project is complete, the Conservation Commission would like to know who, or what entity, will be responsible for monitoring the site for environmental safety measures and ensure that they are being maintained and in working order going forward.

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It should be a condition of the project to mitigate or avoid any significant effects to the environment."

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Ms. Nathan asked who and where are the highly skilled contractors that handle any spills and how soon can they get to the site. Mr. Frawley said they use Clean Harbors located regionally and have

340 a location in Portsmouth.

- 341 Mr. Coffin clarified Ms. Nathan the term variance mentioned in her comments and that it was a
- special exception that was given by the Board in October, 2021. He explained that it is prohibited
- now and was prohibited then, but special exceptions allowed for gas stations and that is how the
- special exception came about. It was not a variance that was given.
- 345 Mr. Coffin said that a response plan and a quick response to spills needs to be assessed by
- 346 someone that has experienced in this field.
- Mr. Rohulich asked if there has ever been any significant spills that have affected the ground water
- at any of the stations, they are responsible for. Mr. Frawley replied, none and that there hasn't been
- any in his history of being there. Mr. Rohulich commented that their concern is the aguifer.
- 350 Ms. Kelley asked Mr. Frawley how long he has been operating. Mr. Frawley said he has been
- operating Summit Distributing for 16 years and has been in the petroleum business for over 40
- 352 years.

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- 353 Mr. Coffin provided some comments from Dennis Quintal, Town Engineer. Mr. Quintal noted that
- he is not a traffic expert and will differ to another engineer on that part of the review. A hydrologist
- 355 should review this, they will probably want monitoring wells around the site, and they can
- 356 recommend how many and placement. The plans show pavement drainage through Oil Separators
- 357 which are intended to capture surface oils and other contaminants before entering the stormwater
- 358 treatment structures. He sees no other obvious hazards proposed.

Public comment(s):

Public comment opened at 8:16 PM.

Christopher Swiniarski, Attorney with Devine Millimet representing CW Station, LLC who is a direct abutter to the rear of the property.

- Mr. Coffin asked Mr. Swiniarski to go over only comments that apply to the special exception because some of the comments are for the Planning Board, and they cannot address them at the ZBA.
- Mr. Swiniarski said that in order for the applicant to have his rights under the prior zoning ordinance, that were amended on March 14, 2023, they had to have a plan on file, and it had to be filed prior to the first public notice before the zoning amendment and had to remain on file. He stated that this law is very clear and is outlined in RSA 676:12. The applicant voluntarily withdrew his plan.

Mr. Coffin spoke and said that Mr. Swiniarski was about to argue a case for the special exception for the aquifer protection zone and that is not something the ZBA can answer. The Board is only going to review the special exception request for C-II zoning.

- Mr. Swiniarski commented that the applicant did state earlier tonight that the other uses are permitted by rights; the restaurant, the drive-thru, the convenience store. Mr. Coffin explained that drive-thru is not a unique business and is being used as an adjective in this case, it is a drive-thru window for a particular business. Mr. Swiniarski said they are not accessory uses in the Town ordinance under section 109.5.D. Mr. Coffin said this is something the Planning Board would take up and not the ZBA.
- Mr. Swiniarski said that a convenience store is not an allowed use in the aquifer protection district. That would require a conditional use permit. Mr. Coffin spoke and said

again that is something for the Planning Board. Mr. Swiniarski said that clarifying that is not a by right use and that is what is being represented to this Board. He noted that a restaurant is not permitted in the aquifer protection district by right, this also requires a conditional use permit. The drive-thru window in the C-II district also requires a special exception from the Planning Board, and also requires a variance from the ZBA in the aquifer protection district.

- Self-service storage with petroleum and other refined petroleum products in the character aquifer protection district is prohibited. A variance is required under section 201.E.4.
- The use or generation of hazardous materials greater than 25 gallons or regulated substances in the aquifer protection district is prohibited. It requires a variance as required by section 201.E.18. of the ordinance.
- Mr. Swiniarski explained that he is not saying these for the Board to take these matters
 up, he brought them up to clarify a misrepresentation or a mistake that was made for the
 record.
- Mr. Coffin asked Mr. Swiniarski to quote the rest of section 201.E.18 "except where permitted in association with 14 and 17 above." Mr. Coffin noted that #14 is Gas stations.
- Mr. Swiniarski pointed out that this is in the aquifer protection district and is the character of the area, regardless of interpretation if a special exception is valid for this use.
- He referred to criteria #1 for special exceptions whether the property values or the
 essential characteristics are negatively impacted. He mentioned that the residents of the
 Town specifically disallowed these uses to protect the essential character of this area. His
 client's property is a wholly natural farm, and a gas station use would be detrimental to
 this business, its incompatible with the area.
- Mr. Swiniarski said that the Board has to follow the ordinance that it has and is going to have to make a writ finding on why it is not seeing an impact on the gas station, on the property values and essential character of the area.
- He mentioned that a traffic study is a criteria of the special exception.
- He referred to the 3rd question for special exception criteria, whether or not there is demand on the municipal services. Pointed out in the Town's ordinance section 207.8.E., requires a Fire Department approved Spill Prevention and Response Plan. The ordinance requires that the plan be in place before approval, and that the fire department approve that plan.
- 4th criteria for special exception no hazard or release of toxic materials. Having a qualified 3rd party consultant at the applicant's expense to review this and possibly the whole application would be important.
- 5th criteria Legal notice must be sent to the Planning Board, Conservation Commission and Board of Selectmen. This is a requirement for special exception applications. Not sure if this was done but pointing it out.
- Mr. Swiniarski said that the applicant hasn't provided any evidence that the 5 special exception criteria have been met.

Mr. Swiniarski stated that he doesn't believe it is possible for the Board to issue a decision approving this special exception application that would withstand traditional scrutiny as a test of truthfulness.

Mr. Coffin mentioned that the Board will discuss the possibility of having a hydrogeologic study done and possibly a traffic study.

- Mr. Coombs said that he was the owner of CW Station, LLC on the abutting property.

 Mr. Coombs commented that he followed up with the previous Board and no one had the qualifications to render a decision that this was safe for the surrounding area. The decision was basically made on promises from the applicant.

 He pointed out some areas on the map that was provided from the applicant. There are 2 streams. One steam runs right through is property and is fed by a spring and feeds into the Little River.

• At the back of the property there is a 25-foot drop-off that used to be a gravel pit. He owns 4 ponds, and this is the low point of the property. The property line is about 1,465 ft. to the pond and the other is about half that. The upper level of water has a predetermined channel down to the low point. Anything that happens on the site is going to go to his property. He's put a lot of work into restoring the ponds, stocking them with fish, plants for aquaponics, this is a direct part of his farm and his livelihood.

 Mr. Coombs stated that the applicant cannot guarantee that this will not spill or create a problem.

• Mr. Coombs commented that every gas station in the Town of Kingston has been cited by the DES for a leaking tank. Most recent one was the Shell station in 2012.

 He said we are taking a risk by putting a toxic substance (Benzine, gasoline or diesel) in our water.

 The Town has more water reserves than any other surrounding community in all of New England.

 • There's a reason why 70% of the people in Town supported in March, 2023 to remove gas stations from the aquifer. They do not want the risk. If the risk is not zero, then it is a risk that is not worth taking.

 Mr. Coombs asked what storm year this was built for. We are getting 25-50 year storms every 5 to 6 years.
On the plans that he saw there were no snow storage plans. Where is all the stuff

 that is scraped up on the ground going to go? Will it be treated?
Regarding the monitor of levels of gas, gas expands and contracts with ambient temperature, so monitoring an exact amount of what goes in and out on a daily

Mr. Coombs commented on the detriment of property values. Besides the obvious
of a spill that will affect his livelihood, there is the hours, the Town does not have
the capability to monitor a project like this effectively. Can put all the rules,
regulations and conditions on there but unless they are going to be followed, they
are worthless.

Mr. Coombs emphasized that this is too much of a risk for our Town.

basis is not 100% accurate.

Doug Finan, Town of Brentwood, NH Planning Board member and Economic Development Committee member -

 Mr. Finan mentioned that normally it is a hardship that is involved to ask for a special exception. The only hardship he does see is there is an aquifer there and if there is leakage and there is not 100% guarantee, then the hardship will be with the residents of the Town.

• If it is decided that there is going to be an independent third part consultant, he recommended Danna Truslow, PG of Truslow Resource Consulting, LLC.

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- Mr. Finan asked for clarification on the special exception that was already approved. Mr. Coffin explained that the special exception that was granted was for the aquifer protection zone. This special exception application is for Commercial Zone II and that gas stations are only permitted in C-III. This application does have the requirement that it be evaluated for the harm to the environment.
- Mr. Finan mentioned that although all the materials will be new now, they will become old. Everything is manmade with a life and at the end of the life we do not know what the potential may be for any leakage into the aquifer.

Steve Kent, 9 Bluebird Lane -

- His property is located close to the site.
- Concerns about the noise impact, increased lighting and impacts to property values. If there is a leak it is going to affect his property value.
- Heavy construction vehicles during construction. What type of containment will
 there be for the fuel and oil. This is an item that usually gets addressed at the
 Planning Board.
- There are no guarantees that property values won't go down.
- Is it necessary to put a gas station there. Consider the citizens of this Town.

Virginia Morse, 188 Main Street -

- Brought up the water and how it moves in the Town. There are natural drainages on our properties. Snow storage and the water needs to go somewhere. Check the snow water storage and make sure it does not impact the aquifer.
- Lot coverage is a Planning Board issue. Wanted to bring up and caution here, that what is being talked about is the land around the site. In this area the lot coverage for imperviable material can be no more than 35% for recharge. Retention pond is not a recharge area, specifically it is contained and does not recharge the surface water. Check carefully for the lot coverage, no more than 35% recharge.

Mr. Coffin mentioned it was brought up that the fire ponds are lined so if they had a spillage, they would not leach into the ground. In aquifer protection zone B. Mr. Coffin referred to Ms. Morse's comment and mentioned 35% increased up to 60% recharge systems.

Mr. Monteiro said there is snow storage area on the plan. There are 4 different ponds on the proposed site. Two are bioretention ponds with liners that no not infiltrate. Because of the requirement to recharge the groundwater, there are 2 additional ponds that do recharge groundwater to meet the requirements. All these calculations are in the stormwater report that is filed with the Planning Board.

Jocelyn Lavoie, 17 Castle Court -

 Ms. Lavoie brought up there was mentioned of a traffic light that will go in at 107 and 125 intersection. If the project at 266 Rte. 125 does not happen, who will be responsible for the traffic light.

Mr. Coffin said this is something that is dealt with the state DOT and the traffic study. The widening of the lanes is the responsibility of this applicant.

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- Ms. Lavoie had concerns about the operating hours. Mr. Coffin explained that this
 is something that would get handled during the Planning Board review process.
 This is not one of the criteria that the Board is evaluating tonight.
- She brought up light and noise pollution and air quality. Are these something this Board addresses. Mr. Coffin said that these are something they would have to satisfy.
- Traffic concerns. Mr. Coffin explained this is handled primarily by the DOT.

Pam Brown, 23 Sunshine -

 Supportive of economic development but concerned about gas stations and the Town's aquifer because it is very valuable. She is strongly opposed to this application.

Attorney Bouchard –

- The ordinance did not require a traffic study. It was required for the special exception for the aquifer protection criteria. If the Planning Board wants to hire someone to analysis this, they may be better suited to analyze the data.
- There is no hardship here, this is not a variance.
- Mr. Bouchard listed many businesses that are permitted in the C-II zone.
- When talking about noise and light, this is a commercial zone.
- He explained that the only thing here that requires a special exception is the gas station component.
- He mentioned that this Board did already determine that this did not have an adverse effect on the aquifer and the Superior Court has already upheld this decision too.

Mr. Coffin pointed out that the Town does have a lighting and noise ordinance that would have to be complied with. It applies more to the use of the abutter and not the zone of the abutter. Mr. Bouchard said that they fully intend to follow the light and noise ordinances.

Mr. Coffin explained to the Board that they can decide on what professional reviews they may want to have, if they want any at all. He commented, does the Board have enough information to vote and go through the criteria for special exception in the C-II zone.

Muriel Ingalls, 100 Main Street -

- Ms. Ingalls said she is not an abutter but is a loval Kingston resident.
- She doesn't hear any concrete evidence only opinions. She is concerned about traveling on Church St. and going up Rte. 125. Over the years, a lot of accidents have occurred in this location. The traffic impact on Rte. 125 is going to be huge.
- This project is an insult to the character of Kingston. What good is this going to bring to the Town of Kingston.

Public comment ended at 9:20 PM.

Board discussion:

Mr. Coffin explained that the Board is obligated to collect facts so they can make an informed decision. Should a third-party consultant(s) be hired to provide an analysis of the information that has been provided.

Mr. Broderick asked if the state DOT has already done an analysis of the traffic. Ms. Monticup mentioned that the traffic, district office, NHDOT highway have submitted comments on the project. Mr. Coffin explained it would have to go through the Planning stage before they start on it. Ms. Monticup said that they are conceptually through NHDOT.

Mr. Broderick raised the question that doesn't the fire department have to inspect for fire safety. Would this be redundant to have a third party do an analysis of this. Mr. Coffin said that it is part of their ordinance and that it be completed before approval. In this case it is access to municipal services. It doesn't state there has to be a fire plan approved. He suggest that this goes into the Planning process.

Mr. Bache commented that the number one priority should be protecting the aquifer and a hydrologist study is very important and if the Board is going to allocate any resources it should be to address this first. Mr. Coffin noted that the Board can request any analysis study that they need in order to reach a decision based on fact.

MOTION: by Mr. Broderick to request a hydrology review of the applicant's proposal by a hydrogeologist.

SECOND: by Mr. Coffin

Board discussion:

The Board discussed if a hydrology study or a hydrogeologic study is needed at this time. Ms. Kelley asked for clarification on the difference between the two types. Mr. Coffin referred the question to Mr. Monteiro. Mr. Monteiro explained that hydrology is a drainage study (i.e., surface flow) and hydrogeologic is underground, this would be aquifer. Mr. Coffin mentioned that having a hydrogeologic study was discussed at a prior meeting and that the Planning Board would be better suited to request this if they felt it was necessary. Mr. Monteiro said that the Board already made this a condition on the last Notice of Decision. Mr. Monteiro believes the Board is talking about surface runoff drainage issues.

Mr. Coffin mentioned that Danna Truslow, Resources Consulting LLC could do this study. Mr. Broderick noted that the underlying concern is the water so getting the answers from an expert will help the Board be able to make a more informed decision regarding the C-II ordinance, Article 109.7, Special Exceptions, A.1.

A vote was taken, all were in Favor, the motion passed (5-0-0).

MOTION: by Mr. Russman to have an engineering review of the hazards listed in item #4 of the special exception criteria.

SECOND: by Ms. Kelley

622 Board discussion:

The Board discussed item #4 on the special exception criteria and should a consultant be hired to do a further review. Mr. Broderick spoke in opposition to this because the Town has a fire department and hazmat people, and this is redundant. We already have experts that are going to make sure this is done before the place is built and doesn't believe that this should be an incurred expense before the place is allowed to open. Ms. Kelley said more information is needed for the Board to make a decision based on fact.

A vote was taken, 4 in favor, 1 opposed (Mr. Broderick), the motion passed (4-1-0).

- 631 MOTION: by Ms. Kelley to have the applicant's traffic study analyzed by a third party.
- 632 **SECOND:** by Mr. Rohulich
- 633 Board discussion:
- The Board discussed that additional information is needed on this to make an informed decision to
- make a determination on the C-II ordinance, Article 109.7, Special Exceptions, A.2.
- 636 A vote was taken, 4 in favor, 1 opposed (Mr. Broderick), the motion passed (4-1-0).

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- MOTION: by Mr. Broderick to establish an escrow account for and analysis and the review the traffic, hydrology, and engineering for fire and hazards in the amount of \$10,000 and subject to actual proposal.
- 641 **SECOND:** by Ms. Kelley
- 642 Board discussion:
- Mr. Coffin commented that bear in mind if this amount is insufficient, they could ask for more from
- the applicant. Mr. Frawley questioned that if more than the \$10,000 is needed then they can
- decide to be done. Mr. Coffin said that yes, they can decide to withdraw their application, or the
- Board may vote on the information that they have received and that there is a number of things
- that could be done.
- 648 A vote was taken, all were in Favor, the motion passed (5-0-0).

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Mr. Coffin mentioned that there is a state law now that requires the Board to make a decision within 90 days. The Town's procedure is to have a public hearing within 45 days of the application.

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- MOTION: by Mr. Coffin to continue Summit Distributing, LLC public hearing to 7:00 PM on July 13, 2023 at the Kingston Town Hall.
- 656 **SECOND:** by Ms. Kelley
- A vote was taken, all were in Favor, the motion passed (5-0-0).

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Mr. Coffin explained that there will not be another notice in the paper and abutters will not receive another notice in the mail. The public is advised that this is the notice to continue for this hearing. The Summit Distributing, LLC public hearing will begin at 7:00 PM on July 13, 2023 at 163 Main Street, Kingston, 2nd floor of the Town Hall. A notice will be posted on the Town, ZBA website and will be posted downstairs at the Town Hall.

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<Board note: hearing closed at 10:04 PM>

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- 667 **ADJOURNMENT**
- Meeting adjourned at 10:05 PM.